## METU NCC, CNG 242 Programming Language Concepts Spring 2010, Haskell Quiz

Open Book and notes, 50 minutes, 50 points, ?? questions, ?? pages

Name, Surname:	Id:
QUESTION 1. (15 points)	
What are the values of the following Haskell expression	ns:
<pre>let x = 3     y = 2     z = 1 in let x = 1</pre>	
in x+y+z	
let x = 3 y = 2 z = 1	
in let $y = 1$	
in x+let x=5 in x+y+z	
let $f \times = x+1$ $g \times = x*2$	
in f (let f x = x*x in g(f 3))+f 1	
<pre>let tk n (x:xs)   n==0 = []</pre>	xs)
in tk 3 [1,5,2,3,4,0,1]	
<pre>let mg a [] = a    mg [] a = a    mg (x:xs) (y:ys) = if x<y td="" then="" x:(mg<=""><td></td></y></pre>	
in mg [1,5,4] [3,2]	
let m n x = case x of [] -> n==0 (_:r) -> m (n-1) r	
in m 3 [1,2,3,4,5]	

## QUESTION 2. (20pts)

Assume the following function definitions exist:

```
nmap f [] = []
nmap f (x:xs) = (f x):(nmap f xs)
nfilter f [] = []
nfilter f (x:xs) = if (f x) then (x:(nfilter f xs))
                   else (nfilter f xs)
reduce f s [] = s
reduce f s (x:xs) = f x (reduce f s xs)
for m n f s = if (m>n) then s
                     else for (m+1) n f (f m s)
comp f g x y = f x (g x y)
iter 0 f s = s
iter n f s = iter (n-1) f (f s)
zpt a [] = [a]
zpt a (x:xs) = if a>x then a:(x:xs)
                else x:(zpt a xs)
What are the values of the following expressions?:
nmap even [1,2,3,4,5,6]
nmap ((+) 2) (nfilter even [1,2,3,4,5,6])
iter 10 ((*) 2) 4
reduce zpt [] [1,3,4,2,3,1]
for 10 13 zpt []
reduce (comp (*) (+)) 1 [1,2,3]
```

Note: (\*) 
$$x y = x*y$$
; (+)  $x y = x+y$ ; even  $x = (x \text{ 'mod' } 2 == 0)$ 

## QUESTION 3. (15 points)

a) Complete the following function to return number of occurences of the first parameter in the second parameter list. occurs 1 [1,2,3,1,2] will return 2 since 1 has 2 occurrences in the list. occurs 3 [1,2,3,1,2] will return 1 and occurs 4 [1,2,3,1,2] will return 0.

```
occurs _ [] = 0
occurs a (x:xs) = let rest=occurs a xs
in if a==x then
else
```

b) Complete the following function to return number of occurences of the first parameter in the nodes of the second parameter tree. The definition of tree is given below. In the sample tree t the calls return the corresponding values:

```
occurst 1 t \rightarrow 6 occurst 2 t \rightarrow 2 occurst 3 t \rightarrow 1 occurst 4 t \rightarrow 0 data Tree a = Node (a, Tree a, Tree a) | Empty deriving Show occurst _ Empty = 0 occurst a (Node (x, left , right)) =
```